THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1768. THE NUMBER 117.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Open to ALL PARTIES, but Influenced by NONE.

WARSAW, *March* 26.

BY an expreſs which arrived the day before yeſterday, we hear that the new confederates of Podolia made an attempt to carry off the Sieur Dziduſyrſki, commander of the troops of the republic in that neighbourhood. Being apprized of their deſign, he retires into the fortreſs of Kaminieck, with ſo much precipitation, that he abandoned all his Polish troops, to the amount of 2000 men, who were taken by the confederates. Since this ſucceſs the confederates have beſieged Kaminieck with all their forces, and as the garriſon is very ill provided for a defence, we expect hourly to hear of its ſurrender. Some people even ſay, that fortreſs has ſurrendered, and that the garriſon, after ſetting the officers at liberty, was incorporated in the victorious troops. Some freſh advices ſay, that the Towarits, who inhabited the Ukraine, and ſome of the neighbouring Coſſacks, have taken arms in favour of the confederates.

The Ruſſian army, commanded by General Kreſcketnikow, is marching towards Zamoſk, in order to form a line towards the Palatinate of Cracovia, to obſerve the motions of the confederates, and prevent the neighbouring Palatinates from joining them.

Edinburgh, April 26. This day at one o'clock, came on at the Abbey of Holyrood Houſe here, the election of the ſixteen Scots Peers, to repreſent North-Britain, in the enſuing Parliament, when the following were choſen: The Duke of Argyle, Duke of Athol, Duke of Gordon, Earl of Marchmont, Earl of Morton, Earl of Abercorn, Earl of Loudon, Earl of Strathmore, Earl of March, Earl of Bute, Earl of Eglington, Earl of Dunmore, * Earl of Roſeberry, * Lord Viſcount Irwin.

N. B. Thoſe marked thus * are new repreſentatives, all the others were in the laſt Parliament.

There were about forty Peers preſent, beſides ſeveral Proxies.

Whitehall, April 30. It being his Majeſty's royal intention, that the Parliament, which is ſummoned to meet on Tueſday, the 10th day of May next, ſhould then meet and ſit; the King has been pleaſed to direct a commiſſion to paſs the great ſeal, appointing and authorizing his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, Thomas Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury, and other Lords, to open and hold the ſaid Parliament on the ſaid 10th day of May next, being the day of the returns of the writs of ſummons.

Oxford, April 30. Our accounts from all parts agree, that the corn upon the ground never appeared in a more flouriſhing condition at the ſame ſeaſon of the year: The wheat and beans are every where moſt remarkably healthy and ſtrong: The barley land was never in finer condition; and the meadow as well as upland grounds ſo much refreſhed by the late ſalutary rains, that a more promiſing appearance, for plentiful crops of all kinds, cannot be remembered.

LONDON, *April* 30.

It is now confidently aſſerted, that the late Meſſrs. Charles Churchill and Robert Lloyd were the real writers of the celebrated North-Briton, No. 45, during a few days abſence of Mr. Wilkes in the country, tho' the laſt mentioned Gentleman (rather than at that time give up his friends) has brought himſelf into ſo much trouble for it.

Yeſterday there was a levee in St. James's, but no council; after breaking up of the levee, Lord Mansfield had a long conference with his Majeſty.

The troops on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment, are to be augmented to 15235 men in the whole.

May 1. It is confidently ſaid, that the Earl of Hillſborough will continue in both places, a Joint Poſtmaſter-General, and Secretary of State for North-America.

And it is alſo ſaid the poſt of Secretary of State for North-America, will be of ſhort continuance; as the buſineſs upon that continent will be conducted by the Board of Trade, as uſual.

According to private letters from the Hague, her Imperial Majeſty of Ruſſia, is ſaid to intereſt herſelf highly in favour of the independency of the Corſicans; and it was reported, a Nobleman of that nation is now at St. Peterſburgh, in quality of Agent from General Paoli.

The Court of King's Bench was remarkably full of foreigners on Wedneſday, moſt of them perſons of high rank in their reſpective countries.

It is ſaid there will be no leſs than thirty-ſeven Gentlemen who have made fortunes in the Eaſt-Indies, ninety-eight natives of Ireland, and ſeventy-ſix natives of Scotland, in a very illuſtrious Aſſembly.

May 3. Lord M------ld told Mr. Wilkes yeſterday, if he had been committed for life, he muſt blame himſelf, for which *judicious* remark he thanked his Lordſhip, as he did the Bench for their judgment. When he went out of court with the proper officers, he aſked them to go and dine with him at ſome tavern near, as it was late, which was refuſed him, unleſs he had leave of the court; to which he replied, he did not come to aſk favours of the court, but receive their judgment.

When Mr. Wilkes deſired the populace not to take off the horſes, but to diſperſe; one of them replied, "I tell you what Maſter Wilkes, as I have told you before, that horſes often draw aſſes; but as you are a man, you ſhall be drawn by men.

The following letter was ſent yeſterday to Mr. Reynolds, attorney at law in Lime ſtreet.

SIR,

THE *writs of error* in caſe of my *outlawry* being now allowed, I deſire you to examine carefully into the ſtate of the proceedings of the action I brought five years ago againſt Lord Halifax, for having dared to iſſue a *general warrant*. I think that action was ſuſpended ſolely by his Lordſhip's plea, that I was *outlawed*. I hope to live to hear an Engliſh jury, by a formal verdict, condemn a Secretary of State, who violated the firſt right of this free nation, the perſonal liberty of our countrymen, in the moſt outrageous and illegal manner. I therefore beg you to loſe no time in laying before my counſel, every thing proper for the proſecution of this public cauſe, which no conſideration ſhall make me decline, or delay.

I thank you, Sir, for the daily proofs you give me of activity and zeal in the courſe of this great buſineſs, and deſire you to believe me ever, Your obliged humble Servant,

King's-Bench Priſon. JOHN WILKES.

Two contradictory reports are now circulating at the weſt end of the town; the one that a change will ſoon happen in the miniſtry, in favour of ſome of Mr. Wilkes's friends, now out of office; the other, that his preſent friends in the miniſtry are to reſign, and be replaced by ſome of his old inveterate enemies. Which is the moſt probable we know not, and therefore muſt leave it to be gueſſed at by our readers.

It is confidently ſaid, that a certain noble Lord has received a great number of letters, addreſſed to him, of a moſt daring and alarming nature.

If Mr. Wilkes ſhould continue in confinement till the meeting of Parliament, and conſequently not be able to attend the buſineſs of it, it is ſaid that the freeholders of Middleſex intend to petition the Houſe of Commons, that their member may be ſet at liberty, to take care of their concerns, and to do his duty in the Houſe.

A detachment of troops of the crown of Poland, 'tis ſaid, has ſurprized and defeated ſome hundreds of the confederates, and the Ruſſian General is marching to diſperſe the reſt. The confederates have obliged the Jews to pay the capitation tax to them.

They write from Paris, that the embarkation of the troops for Corſica is poſtponed, becauſe the Engliſh ambaſſador has notified the motives that the King his maſter has to oppoſe it.

May 5. Letters from Amſterdam ſay, that a treaty is actually on the tapis between the States General and the Corſicans, by which the Dutch oblige themſelves to ſend a formidable naval armament to the aſſiſtance of the Corſicans. The Corſicans engage on their part that the Dutch ſhall have entry into all the ports of the iſland, and the excluſive right to the exportation of wine and oil, in return for which they will accept from the Dutch not only money but broadcloths, linen, and many other manufactures, of which the Corſicans will for many years require a conſiderable ſupply.

Yeſterday a turtle of 145 pounds weight, was ſent by Lewis Mendes, Eſq; to John Wilkes, Eſq; in the King's Bench, being the firſt turtle that has been brought this year to England.

It is ſaid, 300,000l. bail was refuſed on Wedneſday at a certain place.

It is rumoured that a certain popular Gentleman has been offered his pardon, on condition he will engage to ſtop proſecution againſt the E---- of H----.

To the many meaſures taken againſt Mr. Wilkes may be added, that on the 19th inſt. when he dined with his friends at the King's-arms tavern in Cornhill, he was ſerved in the midſt of them, by an agent of the Solicitor of the Treaſury, with an Exchequer writ, and bill of diſcovery upon information (conſiſting of many ſheets of paper) in order, ſhould the outlawry remain, to diſcover and ſeize all his effects, even the ſmall pittance generouſly ſubſcribed for the diſcharging his debts, as being in law forfeited to the crown; and in caſe the outlawry was reverſed, then to oblige him to prove, in an unlawful way, his full qualification to ſit in the houſe as Knight of the Shire, as well as to give him as much vexation, and put him to as great expence as was poſſible.

We hear, a noble Lord has expended ſo much money to defray the electioneering expences, that he has propoſed to his tenants, if they would advance one year's rent, they ſhould remain the next year gratis.

The begging box belonging to the debtors of the King's-Bench priſon, is now inſcribed with the words, Wilkes and Liberty, No. 45. On account of which, and of Mr. Wilkes's being confined there, ſcarce a friend of liberty that can afford it, paſſes by without putting ſomething into it for the relief of the poor confined debtors, ſo that they have fared more comfortably ſince his being confined there, than for a long time before.

May 6. We hear that Mr. Wilkes's outlawry is to be pleaded next Saturday, and, if reverſed, that he will receive ſentence the ſame day.

It is ſaid that two very great perſonages in the law have refuſed to plead on Saturday next, and that two other eminent counſel are retained in their room.

It is ſaid that the Right Honourable Earl of Hillſborough will ſoon be appointed to ſucceed Lord Weymouth, as one of his Majeſty's Secretaries of State.

Letters from India, brought by the Hector Indiaman, mention, that the Dutch had lately eſtabliſhed a new ſettlement and factory on the iſland of Borneo, in the Aſiatic ocean, from which they expected great advantages.

Thurſday Mr. Wilkes had a great levee, and great numbers of perſons are gathered continually about the King's-Bench priſon; but tho' a report was current that ſome outrages were intended laſt night, we do not find there were any committed.

A CARD from the LADIES.

MANY Ladies (moſt of them extremely handſome, and ſome very rich) preſent their compliments to Mr. Wilkes's committee, and beg they will have their pictures exhibited with their names under-written, that, if ſingle, the above ladies may have it in their power to reward ſuch diſtinguiſhed merit, ſo juſtly exerted in the glorious cauſe of liberty.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the county of MIDDLESEX.

Gentlemen,

IN ſupport of the liberties of this country againſt the arbitrary rule of miniſters, I was before committed to the Tower, and am now ſentenced to this priſon. Steadineſs with, I hope, ſtrength of mind, do not however leave me; for the ſame conſolation follows me here, the conſciouſneſs of innocence, of having done my duty, and exerted all my poor abilities, not unſucceſsfully, for this nation. I can ſubmit even to far greater ſufferings with chearfulneſs, becauſe I ſee that my countrymen reap the happy fruits of my labours and cruel perſecutions, by the repeated deciſions of our ſovereign courts of juſtice in favour of liberty. I therefore bear up with fortitude, and even glory that I am called to ſuffer in this cauſe, becauſe I continue to find the nobleſt reward, the applauſe of my native country, of this great, free, and united people.

I chiefly regret, Gentlemen, that this confinement deprives me of the honour of thanking you in perſon according to my promiſe, and at preſent takes from me in a great degree the power of being uſeful to you. The will however to do every ſervice to my conſtituents remains in its full force, and when my ſufferings have a period, the firſt day I regain my liberty, ſhall reſtore a life of zeal in the cauſe and intereſts of the county of Middleſex.

In this priſon, in any other, in every place, my ruling paſſion will be the love of England and our free conſtitution. To thoſe objects I will make every ſacrifice. Under all the oppreſſions, which miniſterial rage and revenge can invent, my ſteady purpoſe is to concert with you, and other true friends of this country, the moſt probable means of rooting out the remains of arbitrary power, and ſtar chamber inquiſition, and of improving as well as ſecuring the generous plans of freedom, which were the boaſt of our anceſtors, and I truſt will remain the nobleſt inheritance of our poſterity, the only genuine characteriſtic of Engliſhmen. I have the honour to be, with affection and regard, Gentlemen, your obliged and faithful humble ſervant,

JOHN WILKES.

Mr. Wilkes hopes that thoſe Gentlemen who have not received letters of thanks will forgive the miſtake, which is entirely owing to three of the twenty-four checque books having been miſlaid, a circumſtance he was not acquainted with till very lately.

An unuſual inſtance of vegetation has lately been diſcovered: Laſt month Mr. Criſſip, of Long-Newton, applied to a neighbouring ſurgeon at Yarm, for his aſſiſtance in a caſe of deafneſs, which he had periodically laboured under from about the laſt harveſt time until Chriſtmas laſt; but ever ſince Chriſtmas his diſorder became ſo much increaſed, as to occaſion him a total unremitting deafneſs in one of his ears. The ſurgeon, upon examining the ear, found it filled with wax, which he extracted, and at the bottom of the cavity of the ear, he alſo found and extracted a barley corn in a ſtate of vegetation: Theſe cauſes being thus removed, and by the help of a few gentle applications by the ſurgeon, Mr. Criſſip, to his great ſatisfaction, hath regained his former hearing.

The following anecdote may be depended upon: A young Gentleman attended two young Ladies to a certain chapel at the eaſt end of the town, which is very much frequented by the Nobility and Gentry; while there, he obſerved the eldeſt of the young Ladies behaviour during the whole ſervice to be remarkably light and inconſiſtent with the place and occaſion, as that of the other was exemplary, and expreſſed the greateſt ſenſibility and devotion. It had ſo great an effect on the young Gentleman, that though he had long before paid his addreſſes to the former, he, from that inſtant, conceived ſuch a diſguſt at her conduct, and preference to her ſiſter's, that we are aſſured he ſoon after declared his eſteem for her, and that they were actually married not many days ſince. A ſtriking caution to the female ſex, and a proof how readily men of ſenſe and diſcernment muſt incline to the ſide of real ſenſibility and merit.

This week ſeveral meetings of the moſt conſiderable freeholders of the county of Middleſex, in the intereſt of John Wilkes, Eſq; were held at different places to conſider of the preſent exigency of that Gentleman's affairs.

Yeſterday Mr. Wilkes being quite recovered from his illneſs, contracted by overmuch fatigue and confinement, viewed all the parts of the inſide of the King's Bench priſon, the chapel, &c. and read ſeveral petitions from the poor priſoners, earneſtly ſoliciting his ſervice in Parliament, towards obtaining an act of inſolvency the enſuing ſeſſion, which were politely received, with a promiſe of his endeavours for that purpoſe.

Mr. Wilkes likewiſe viewed and examined a large commodious cellar, in order to lay in a ſtock of choice wines, for entertaining his friends during confinement, which is conjectured will continue about a month.

It is ſaid that copies of certain letters, and other papers, of great conſequence to this nation, are in the hands of a certain perſon who will, at a proper time, make ſuch a diſcovery as will exhibit to the public at one view, ſome of their greateſt friends and greateſt enemies, at home as well as abroad. And that an incredible ſum of money was lately offered to the ſame Gentleman for a copy of one of thoſe papers; which was, with a becoming ſpirit, abſolutely refuſed.

Lord Baltimore turned himſelf to the jury after the late trial and ſaid, Gentlemen of the jury, I thank you with all my heart for the verdict, *depend upon it I am not guilty*

CHARLES-TOWN, *(South-Carolina)* June 15, 1768.

It ſeems hardly probable that the diſturbances in our back ſettlements will intirely ſubſide, notwithſtanding all the prudent ſteps that have or can be taken by the government to ſuppreſs them, until the late act of the General Aſſembly of this province *for eſtabliſhing circuit courts* takes place; for we daily hear of new irregularities committed by the people called regulators, who, ſeeming to deſpair of rooting out thoſe gangs of deſperate villains that remain among them any other way, ſtill take upon themſelves to puniſh ſuch offenders as they can catch. We hear, that within this month, one Watts, and one Diſtoe, have received 500 laſhes each, by their direction; and that an infamous woman has alſo received corporal puniſhment. We hear alſo, that one John Bowels has loſt his life in attempting to kill Mr. Woodward, one of the leaders of the people called regulators: According to our account, Woodward refuſed to ſurrender himſelf, Bowels fired at and would have killed him, but the ball ſtruck the barrel of a gun which he held acroſs his breaſt, upon which ſome people in company with Woodward fired and killed Bowels on the ſpot.

June 27. The Spaniſh Guarda-Coſtas about Cuba, have lately been ſo very vigilant, that ſcarce an Engliſh veſſel trading to any part of the iſland can eſcape them. The Providence people particularly have recently had ſeveral of their veſſels taken by them.

The laſt veſſels from the Weſt-Indies, bring account of ſo great a drought in the iſlands, that many conſiderable cane plantations, particularly in Barbados, are entirely deſtroyed by it and the ants.

Laſt Saturday ſe'nnight, of ſeven Negroes, who were at work in an open field on John's-Iſland, and ran for ſhelter, in a thunder ſtorm, under two gum trees near the middle of it, four were killed on the ſpot by lightning, and one of the others was much hurt.

Captain Higgins, who arrived here laſt Monday, in 25 days from Maryland, on the 14th inſtant, in lat. 32. 53 N. long. 75. 47 W. ſaw a ſchooner, which he ſuppoſed to be about 70 tons burthen, ſunk even with the water, her maſt ſtanding, but no top-maſts up, her boom gone, and he believes her bowſprit too; but the wind blew ſo hard, and his own veſſel was ſo leaky and in ſo great diſtreſs, that he could not approach near enough to be able to give any further account of the wreck.

The wheat-planters in the back country have ſucceeded remarkably well this year: They have ſown a great deal, and are likely to reap it all, not having ſuſtained any loſs, as uſual, by the raſt. And 'tis ſaid, that near double the quantity of hemp will be made this year in thoſe parts, that was the laſt.

July 1. The Chickeſaw Indians have refuſed all the offers of peace made them by the Creeks, who are likely to have no other ſucceſs with the Choctaws.

The company that ſet out ſome months ago from Maryland, in a Caravan, to view the back lands in the ſouthern provinces, have performed that buſineſs, and been through Eaſt and even Weſt Florida; but we have not yet heard their report. Two of them are come here in the Harlequin, and return from hence; Mr. James, the principal, and the reſt, ſet out from Penſacola, the 12th paſt, returning by land, in the Caravan.

The Rev. Mr. Whitefield having failed to obtain a charter from the Crown, for converting the Orphan-Houſe in Georgia into a college, upon the plan by him propoſed, has ſent over Mr. Longworthy as a tutor, and Mr. Crane, as a manager at ſaid houſe, and intends to add a public academy thereto (for which he will ſend out a Preſident) for the maintenance and education of poor indigent orphans as well as more opulent ſtudents.

The 23d put into Georgia, having been blown off St. Auguſtine, the brig Hope, Captain Livingſton, and the ſnow Friendſhip, being part of a fleet of 8 ſail, laſt from Gibraltar, with 1500 Greeks, Italians, and Mahoneſe on board, brought over by Dr. Andrew Turnbull, for his intended new ſettlement, in Eaſt Florida. It is ſaid, that two brigantines of ſaid fleet have got into St. Auguſtine; and that the veſſel in which Mr. Turnbull himſelf was, had bore away for this port.

The Royal Hoſpital of Greenwich in Jamaica, ſuddenly took fire on the 12th of laſt month, ſuppoſed by lightning, and in a few hours was reduced to an heap of ruins, baffling the utmoſt efforts of his Majeſty's ſeamen, encouraged by the preſence of the Admiral to ſave it. The navy and victualling ſtores were at the ſame time in great danger of being deſtroyed.

BOSTON, July 7.

On Monday laſt, the 4th inſtant, was publiſhed a proclamation for diſſolving the Great and General Court or Aſſembly of this province.

July 11. The reigning toaſt in this province is the Maſſachuſetts 92, and we hope it will ſoon be ſo throughout the continent, as alſo throughout Europe.

About 7000 ounces of ſilver collected in Salem from the new duties, it is ſaid, were laſt week brought to this town for exportation or conſumption.

Our brethren in the other colonies may be aſſured, notwithſtanding any reports to the contrary, that the importation of Britiſh goods this ſpring has been leſs than in former years, and that the ſale of thoſe articles has fell vaſtly ſhort even of the laſt year's. Happy effects of our growing induſtry and frugality: It is however but juſt to acknowledge, that the prodigious ſcarcity of money, occaſioned by the late duty, has greatly contributed to theſe effects. What muſt we think of the policy, which thus impoveriſhes provinces to maintain ſwarms of uſeleſs officers in luxury and extravagance. May Britain think of it before it be too late!

We hear from Portſmouth, that laſt Thurſday, a petition, ſigned by a large number of the reſpectable inhabitants of that town, was preſented to the Selectmen, requeſting them immediately to call a public town meeting, in order to give their Repreſentatives inſtructions in the preſent alarming and critical time. In conſequence of which, a meeting was appointed to be held there the Monday following.

On Friday laſt arrived here his Majeſty's ſhip of war the Senegal, Capt. Cookſon, and the St. Lawrence armed cutter, from Halifax.

Laſt Wedneſday came into this harbour, his Majeſty's armed ſchooners Hope, and Little Romney.

Yeſterday ſailed the ſchooner Maſſachuſetts Ninety-two, Capt. Sampſon, for Dominico.

It is ſaid that one of the ſeventeen ſlaves applied, very earneſtly, to a number of coaſters, bound to the ſouthward, for a paſſage to Martha's vineyard; but upon their enquiring who he was, and finding him to be a ſlave, they refuſed him a paſſage. This obliged him to conceal himſelf on board an oyſterman, by which means he got a paſſage to the Cape; where he very fortunately came acroſs a kind, good natured old Squaw, belonging to the Vineyard, and homeward bound, who was very glad to ſee her countryman, and hearing him lament his abject condition, ſhe was moved with pity, and generouſly received him into her canoe, and gave him a paſſage with her over to the iſland.

A LETTER to a FRIEND in LONDON.

SIR, BOSTON, July 8, 1768.

BY a meſſage from the Governor of this province, to the Houſe of Repreſentatives, accompanied with an extract from the Earl of Hillſborough's letter, it appears that the reſolution of the former Houſe, which gave birth to their circular letter to the other colonies, has been repreſented to his Majeſty, in the odious light of a party and factious meaſure; and the laſt Houſe have been required to reſcind and diſavow it. They have maturely conſidered the requiſition, and voted againſt a compliance with it, by a majority of 92 to 17. Could any thing of this nature appear ſtrange on this ſide the water, one would wonder that a meaſure ſo *innocent* in itſelf, ſo *prudent*, ſo *ſalutary* for his Majeſty's American ſubjects, ſo reſpectful to the Mother country, and ſo dutiful and loyal to the King, tranſacted in the view of the world, and finally laid before the Governor himſelf, without the leaſt notice from him to the Houſe or the public, that he had any unfavourable ſentiments of it, could be thus miſrepreſented: But it has been the unhappy fate of this province, perhaps of all America, to be defamed and abuſed without intermiſſion, by thoſe who ought to afford to his Majeſty the beſt and trueſt intelligence, and to fall under his diſpleaſure, at times when they have flattered themſelves they were in the path of their duty, and hoped for the Royal protection and favour. Such are the times, and ſuch the country we live in! There are men, enemies to the King and to his people, from whom *both* have a ſacred right to expect better things, who have been inceſſantly endeavouring to ſtrike out ſparks of jealouſy and diſcord, which may one day prove fatal to an empire! *Behold what a great matter a little fire kindleth!* And unfortunately for us, theſe malignant whiſperers ſeem to have the ear and attention of the nation, while ſhe is not aware, that there are men in America, ſome perhaps, whoſe rank and ſtation give her a juſt right of confidence, who ſeek their own greatneſs, tho' at the expence of her utter ruin. Theſe men are not ſatisfied with defaming the moſt worthy characters: They muſt proſcribe a province! a continent! And in imitation of that, *hoſtis patriæ et humani generis*, they ſeem ardently to thirſt for a power to cut off the whole people at one ſtroke! Theſe are not the ſuggeſtions of party and faction. They are the ſentiments of the public: They were lately drawn into a dutiful and humble petition to the throne; wherein, among other articles of impeachment of a Governor of a province, it is alledged, "that he has practiſed the ſending over depoſitions to the miniſtry, againſt Gentlemen of character, without giving the accuſed the leaſt notice of his purpoſes and proceedings." And, "That they have reaſon to apprehend, that he has endeavoured to perſuade his Majeſty's miniſters to believe, that an intention was formed, and a plan ſettled, in this and the reſt of the colonies, treaſonably to withdraw themſelves, from all connection with, and dependance upon Great-Britain; and from their natural allegiance to his Majeſty's ſacred perſon and government." This petition was read, and ſuſtained, and partly accepted; and very probably would have been carried by a very large majority, if the Governor had not immediately prorogued, and afterwards diſſolved the Aſſembly. There are men, a real faction, who ſeem to aim at hurrying the people into deſpair and diſtraction; but when this ſame people have good ſenſe enough to purſue cool, diſpaſſionate, but firm, and manly, rational and conſtitutional meaſures—Meaſures which the faction itſelf dare not but apparently avow—Meaſures which even Governor Bernard has been heard to ſay, he would have heartily joined in if deſired; theſe men have the *perfidy* and *audacity* to repreſent them to his Majeſty's miniſters as the deſigns of a deſperate, expiring faction, tending to create unwarrantable combinations, and to excite an unjuſtifiable oppoſition to the conſtitutional authority of the Parliament! Good God! Shall we be forever thus abuſed without redreſs! Shall we be inceſſantly defamed as rebels and traitors! Do we deſerve to have ſhips of war before us, as they now actually are, in hoſtile appearance? Or can they be deſigned to put weak women and children into terror? Shall we be perpetually threatened with troops and dragooning, for humbly laying before our royal Sovereign, the diſtreſs brought upon us, by the machinations of his and our enemies; imploring his gracious protection, and calling upon our fellow ſubjects and *fellow ſufferers*, to join with us in humble *ſupplication!* Is this rebellion againſt a Britiſh King! Will the nation much longer be deceived! What muſt be the event! May Heaven avert the ruin of the Britiſh empire! America, if properly cheriſhed now, will live to ſupport that empire! America may one day however, bid defiance to the proudeſt of her enemies, and riſe and ſhine imperial in the weſtern world! This good land, not long ſince the habitation of ſavage beaſts, and men more ſavage, may yet be the happy retreat of independance and freedom; abundantly ſufficient to make ſome choſen heir of the Brunſwick line, the moſt glorious Potentate the world has yet ſeen! Poſſibly you now think me enthuſiaſtic: I am calm and ſedate: Let *Britain* live really *Great*, till in the courſe of time ſhe muſt ſhare the common fate of empires! Till that event, it will be her own and her colonies intereſt to be united: Theſe I know muſt be your ſentiments as well as mine: It is then our duty, as far as lies in our power, to cultivate and eſtabliſh the important union. I am,

Sir, your hearty friend, and humble ſervant,

———.

Province of Maryland, June 24, 1768.

To the Hon. THOMAS CUSHING, *Eſq; Speaker of the Hon. Houſe of Repreſentatives of Maſſachuſetts-Bay.*

I HAD the honour to receive your favour of the 11th of February laſt, and on a meeting of our Aſſembly, I communicated it to our Houſe, and I am deſired to aſſure you they acknowledge themſelves obliged, by a candid and free communication of ſentiments of a ſiſter colony, on a point ſo intereſting to the whole; and that their opinion of the conſequences to the colonies of the operation of the ſeveral acts of Parliament you allude to, coincide exactly with yours, and that they are perſuaded of the neceſſity of harmonizing, as much as poſſible, in proper meaſures for redreſs.

This Houſe, upon conſidering the acts of Parliament, prepared an humble, dutiful and loyal petition to his Majeſty, ſetting forth, that it is a fixed and unalterable principle, in the nature of things, and a part of the very idea of property, that whatever a man hath honeſtly acquired, cannot be taken from him without his conſent; that this immutable principle is ingrafted as a fundamental into the Engliſh conſtitution, and is declared by Magna Charta, and the petition and bill of rights, and from thence every Britiſh ſubject, the moſt diſtant, is juſtly intitled to all the rights of Engliſhmen; that this right is further declared and confirmed by our Charter; under the confidence whereof our forefathers encountered every difficulty, to ſettle this colony, which, under Providence, has encreaſed his Majeſty's ſubjects, extended the trade, and added to the wealth of the mother country: That we have always been permitted to enjoy this right until lately; that we are not, nor can we ever be effectually repreſented in the Britiſh Parliament; and that theſe ſtatutes do, in our apprehenſion, infringe the great fundamental principle, that no man can be taxed, but with his own conſent, given by himſelf or his Repreſentative. This, Sir, is the ſubſtance of our petition, and I am ordered to tranſmit it to Charles Garth, Eſq; ſpecial Agent for our Houſe of Delegates, to be preſented, and we ſhall requeſt him to cooperate with yours and the other Colony Agents in endeavouring to procure us relief, and hope with you his Majeſty's great goodneſs of heart will incline him to receive the dutiful ſupplications of his remote ſubjects with favour and attention.

Juſt before the cloſe of our ſeſſion we received a meſſage from our Governor, a copy of which you have herewith; and alſo a copy of the addreſs by our Houſe in anſwer thereto, which will fully convey to you their ſentiments on the ſubject.

I am, in the name and by order
of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,
Sir, with very great reſpect,
Your moſt humble and obedient ſervant,
ROBERT LLOYD, Speaker.

HALIFAX, *June* 9.

Yeſterday at the ſupreme court held here, the brigantine Endeavour, lately ſeized and ſent in here by his Majeſty's armed ſhip Canceaux, for being concerned in contraband trade, was condemned as a legal prize, and the veſſel and cargo ordered to be ſold, purſuant to law.

PROVIDENCE *(in Rhode-Iſland) July* 9.

The GLORIOUS NINETY TWO, who ſo firmly defended the LIBERTIES OF ALL AMERICA, begin already to be celebrated in this colony; their healths being drank in many reſpectable companies.

QUEBEC, *June* 23.

On Tueſday morning, the 14th inſtant, the brig Mary and Suſanna, John Muir, maſter, from London, belonging to Meſſieurs Douglas and Atkin, merchants of this place, was drove aſhore on Red Iſland, in the river St. Lawrence, in a violent gale and thick fog, and is entirely loſt. The Captain, crew and paſſengers, in all 14 perſons, took to the boat, where they remained 11 hours, during which time two of the paſſengers died of wet and cold: The ſurvivors happily got on board of a ſchooner, which brought them ſafe here.

Monday laſt arrived off St. John's, Iſle of Orleans, three tranſports, with the remainder of the 8th regiment, commanded by Lieut. Col. Ackland, and on Tueſday they were landed on ſaid iſland, where they are to remain in cantonment till the barracks are ready for their reception: They are in general healthy, and are to relieve the 15th.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 21.

Since our laſt arrived here, by the way of Maryland, a Gentleman from New-Orleans, which place he left the 11th of June, informs, that the government at New-Orleans was ſtill divided between the French and Spaniards; that the money to pay the Spaniſh troops, which had been long expected, was not arrived, on which account trade was dull, there being but little caſh left among them. On his paſſage to Maryland, the 26th of June, near the iſland of Tortuga, they took up a ſhip's long boat, with only one man in it, who ſaid he lately belonged to a ſhip owned in Briſtol, bound from the Bay of Honduras to Leghorn, which was caſt away about 3 months before on Cuba; that the maſter and all the people ſet off in the yawl, and left him with the long boat behind; that he had been turtleing, but being tired of that employment, was going for Carolina; and ſuppoſed that he had either murdered or left behind on ſome of the Keys his Spaniſh companions, as their things were in the boat, with a quantity of water and proviſions, but it is uncertain, as he would not give any account of them.

Sunday laſt arrived here the ſloop Betſey, Capt. Dunwick, from Antigua, in 18 days paſſage, who informs, that the ſchooner Antigua Packet, Capt. Smith, from this port, was arrived there, having all his flour damaged, and that a ſchooner, Captain's name forgot, was arrived there with corn from Virginia, which had received ſo much damage that he was forced to carry it back, not being able to ſell a ſingle buſhel of it.

Extract of a letter from Lancaſter, July 21.

"You no doubt have heard that an old German pedlar was murdered and robbed of his goods, about two miles beyond York Town, by a man and woman, and by the deſcription the man is imagined to be one John Coulton, formerly a ſoldier in the Royal American regiment, with a woman he brought from Philadelphia, who have perpetrated the fact, and has, perhaps, proceeded to Fort Pitt, and will go down the river for ſhelter."

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in New-York, dated the 14th *inſtant.*

"The late brave and virtuous behaviour of the Maſſachuſetts Aſſembly, in the ſacred cauſe of liberty and their country, has given general ſatisfaction in this and all the eaſtern colonies, and the news was received with all evident tokens of joy as were manifeſted on the fall of Louiſbourg or the conqueſt of Canada. May the ſame noble zeal ſpread itſelf from town to town, and colony to colony, till we become united as one man in this glorious reſolution, never to ſurrender our inherent rights and privileges.—"The illuſtrious NINETY TWO" is now a toaſt in all companies.

WILLIAMSBURG, Auguſt 4.

By a veſſel arrived from Liverpool at Norfolk, we hear there is an account of the death of the Princeſs Louiſa Anne, in the 21ſt year of her age.

Laſt Suſſex court day at night, a flaſh of lightning ſtruck near the end of the courthouſe of that county, killed two horſes (the property of one Ehren Horn, a German) and three hogs, and alſo ſtruck two trees. There were upwards of an hundred people in and about the ordinary, within thirty yards of where the miſchief was done. The poor man that owned the horſes was indemnified upon the ſpot, by the generous contribution of the Gentlemen who attended that court.

'RICHMOND County, July 18.

'The ſweepſtake race of eleven ſubſcribers, of ten pounds each, was won by Dr. William Flood's cheſnut colt, got by Nonpareil. Only four ſtarted. Col. Taylor's filly, Small Hopes, got a kick from Mr. Parker's horſe, in paſſing by, ſoon after ſtarting, whereby ſhe was ſo lame as to be diſtanced. Mr. Carter's bridle rein broke at ſtarting, and his colt, after running one mile, took out of the courſe, and threw his rider, which left the conteſt to Mr. Parker's horſe, who was backed by the knowing ones, and the victor.

'The next day the purſe was run for, and won by Col. Taylor's cheſnut colt, Nonpareil, five years old, diſtancing Mr. Parker's and Mr. Carter's colts, four years old each. The firſt heat afforded ſport, though Nonpareil was tender footed before ſtarting; but took the lead, and kept it hard in hand, having ſuperiority in every requiſite, beſides the advantage of the other two having ſtarted the day before. The ſecond heat, in the firſt mile, Mr. Carter's horſe took the reſt; and Mr. Parker's run within a poſt in the ſecond, juſt after turning the winning poſt. There was a very genteel and numerous company, and a good ordinary at Garland's. The goodneſs of the ground, with other conveniencies, makes this ſpot as proper a place for ſport as any in the colony. Therefore, as the ſubſcription is now out, the brothers of the bridle, and lovers of the turf, are invited to encourage it by a new ſubſcription, which will alſo be doing a favour to a young houſekeeper, whoſe diligent ſtudy will be to pleaſe and oblige. The firſt heat was run in four minutes and nine ſeconds, and the firſt mile of the ſecond heat in one minute and fifty-eight ſeconds.'

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD *by the Printer hereof,*

The NORTH-CAROLINA

ALMANACK

For the Year of our LORD, 1769.

N. B. Merchants, and others, may be ſupplied with this Almanack, in any quantity, by applying to Mr. *William Scarbrough* in EDENTON.

To be SOLD *by the ſubſcriber in* Norfolk,

A NEW VESSEL on the ſtocks, of about one hundred tons, double decked, very ſuitable for the *Weſt-India* trade, may be launched in 14 days; the payment would be made eaſy to a purchaſer, either in country produce, or credit if required.

JOHN GREENWOOD.

Who has alſo for ſale, *Barbados, St. Kitts, Nevis* and *Jamaica* rum, *Muſcovado* ſugar, and molaſſes. Hats, nails, hardware and checks, in ſmall aſſorted packages, oznabrigs, *Iriſh* linens, bottled beer, *&c.* *&c.*

To be SOLD *at private ſale, at any time when convenienty ſuits,*

MY PLANTATION in *Goochland* county, whereon I now live, conſiſting of two hundred and ſeventy-five acres of land, whereon is a very good dwelling-houſe, 40 feet by 38; a very good kitchen, and all neceſſary out-houſes, almoſt new, and in good repair. The ſaid plantation is pleaſantly ſituated, convenient to court-houſe, church and mill. It is a very convenient place for a ſtore or public houſe. One third of the purchaſe money to be paid down, and the remainder, for the time of payment, will be agreed on at the day of ſale, by applying to the ſubſcriber, or *John Daniel Coleman*, who lives near the ſaid place.

JOHN SMITH HUST.

James City county, *July* 30.

STOLEN out of the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in the night of the 9th inſtant, a man's coat; in a pocket of which was a leather pocket-book, containing a note of hand from *John Coſby*, for ten pounds; a ticket in *Clauſel Clauſel's* lottery, No. 74; a certificate from Captain *Charles Barham* for taking up a runaway Negro, named *Peter*; and ſundry receipts, accounts, *&c.* but no money. The coat has been found, but without the pocket book. As the papers are of no uſe but to the owner, whoever brings the pocket book and them to me, ſhall have ten ſhillings reward.

ROBERT GOODWIN.

Lancaſter county, JULY 30.

RUN away from Capt. JOHN WILLIAMS, of *Northumberland* county, the latter end of *May* laſt, a Negro man named *Curry Tuxent*, about 50 years of age, by trade a carpenter and cooper, he is a tall ſlim black fellow, about 6 feet high, has loſt moſt of his upper fore teeth, talks very faſt and ſmooth; he carried with him carpenters and coopers tools, by which he will expect to paſs as a freeman. It is thought he is gone towards JAMES river, after a parcel of Negroes lately purchaſed by Sir *Peyton Skipwith* from the eſtate of *Robert Briſtow*, Eſq; Whoever ſecures the ſaid fellow, ſo that I get him again, ſhall have five pounds reward, paid by

RICHARD EDWARDS.

RUN away from *Bull Run* quarter, belonging to the eſtate of Col. *Carter Burwell*, deceaſed, in *Prince William* county, ſome time in may laſt, a Negro man ſlave named JOHNNY, and often goes by the name of JOHN TURNER; he is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and is about 40 years old. The ſaid Negro had been ſeen ſome time ago in *Middleſex* county, by *Chriſtopher Robinſon*, Eſq; who informed the ſubſcriber, that the ſaid Negro had got a paſs from ſome perſon, which prevented him from taking the fellow up; he is a cunning ſenſible fellow, and may endeavour to impoſe upon others with his paſs, or may endeavour to make his eſcape out of the colony. Whoever apprehends and conveys him to the overſeer, at the quarter he left at *Bull Run*, or to the ſubſcriber, at *Martin's Hundred*, in *James City* county, ſhall have forty ſhillings reward; or if taken out of the colony, four pounds.

WILLIAM GRAVES.

STRAYED away from *Williamſburg*, about a month ago, a bay horſe about 14 hands and a half high, branded on the near buttock, not very plain, with a B, has ſome ſaddle ſpots, and is a natural pacer. Whoever delivers him to the Printer hereof, ſhall have ten ſhillings reward.

On Monday *the* 5th *day of* September *next, being* Prince William *court day, will be expoſed to ſale in the town of* Dumfries,

A TRACT of rich level LAND, in the ſaid county, on the waters of *Occoquan* and *Potowmack*, belonging to the ſubſcriber, and well known by the name of *Linton's Neck*. It contains about three hundred acres, is oppoſite to the town of *Colcheſter*, 3 miles from *Dumfries*, and 18 from *Alexandria*. The land is truly rich and good, and fit for farming and planting. The title is indiſputable, and free from intail. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes.

JOHN LINTON.

Occoquan Furnace, *July* 16.

Ten Pounds Reward.

RUN away from the *Occoquan* furnace, in *Prince William* county, on the 14th inſtant, a country born Negro man named *Billie*, the property of the Hon. *John Tayloe*, Eſq; he is a very well ſet fellow, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, chews tobacco, can play on a violin, which he carried away with him, and is by trade a ſhip-carpenter, had on and with him, when he went away, a black cotton velvet jacket, two white ſhirts, one pair of brown and one pair of check linen trowſers, an old fine hat bound round the brim with black tape, two pair of ſhoes, with plated buckles. He was lately brought from *Carolina*, where, by virtue of a forged paſs that ſome good natured perſon had wrote for him, he had travelled without much interruption, and very poſſibly may prevail on ſome other of his acquaintance to forge another, to aſſiſt him in proſecuting his intended ſcheme of getting to *South-Carolina*, where he expects to be free. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſlave, and brings him to the ſaid furnace, ſhall receive a reward of five pounds, if taken in *Virginia*; and ten pounds if taken any where out of it.

THOMAS LAWSON.

Richmond county, *July* 14.

RUN away about the 20th of *May* laſt, an *Eaſt-India Indian*, named *Thomas Greenwich*; he is a well made fellow, about 5 feet 4 inches high, wears his own hair, which is long and black, has a thin viſage, a very ſly look, and a remarkable ſet of fine white teeth. A reward of 40s. will be paid the perſon who delivers him to the ſubſcriber, beſides what the law allows.

WILLIAM COLSTON.

TAKEN up in *Orange* county, near *Coleman's* ordinary, a ſorrel horſe about 4 feet 2 inches high, branded on the near buttock LM; he has a ſtar in his forehead, and ſnip on his noſe, one hind foot white, and part of the other, ſome ſaddle ſpots, a hanging mane, ſprig tail, and trots chiefly. Poſted, and appraiſed to 4l.

WILLIAM WRIGHT.

TAKEN up in *Middleſex* county, a ſorrel horſe colt, neither docked nor branded. Poſted, and appraiſed to 11. 15s.

WILLIAM CHONING.

To be SOLD *at* PUBLIC AUCTION, *to the* HIGHEST BIDDER, *on* Monday *the* 8th *day of* Auguſt, *at the* DWELLING-HOUSE *of the late Mr.* WILLIAM PRENTIS, *in the city of* Williamſburg, *and purſuant to his will,*

EIGHT valuable houſe SLAVES,

and ſundry kinds of houſehold and kitchen furniture, ſuch as plate, china, tables, chairs, pictures, looking-glaſſes, beds, quilts, blankets, table and bed linen, a couch, clock, dumb waiter, cheſt of drawers, bureau, cooler, two ſuits of fine bed curtains and bedſteads, a large quantity of pewter, *&c.* A ſingle chair, a cart, and ſeveral horſes, a pipe of fine old Madeira wine, and ſeveral dozen of bottled wine; alſo two tracts of land in the county of *York*, each containing 150 acres, more or leſs, and adjoining the lands of Mr. *Willis*, and Mr. *James Bates*; alſo a water griſt mill in the ſame county, within two miles of the ſaid lands. Credit will be given for all ſums above twenty-five ſhillings till the 25th of *April* next, bond and approved ſecurity being given to the executors. The above eſtate is to be ſold for the benefit of all Mr. PRENTIS's children; and the ſale is to continue till every thing is diſpoſed of. The ſale to begin at 11 o'clock.

NEWCASTLE, July 25, 1768.

LODGED in my ſtorage-houſe, ſome time laſt *September*, a ſmall H box, marked I I No. 4, with a ſaddle, &c. therein. The owner may have it, on paying the charge of this advertiſement, and the ſtorage of the ſame.

RICHARD JOHNSON.

TO BE SOLD,

THE time of a TAILOR, not for any fault, but for want of employment. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

To be RUN *for,*

At Aquin, *in* Stafford *county*, Virginia, *on the* 1ſt Thurſday *in* September *next*,

A PURSE of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS, current money, by any horſe, mare or gelding, two mile heats, carrying weight for ſize, *viz.* horſes of 14 hands high, to carry 126 lbs. and to ſize above and below, 7 lbs. for every inch. The horſes deſigned to run muſt be entered the day before at *Yelverton Peyton's*, and meaſured by a Gentleman choſen for that purpoſe. A ſubſcriber pays 20*ſ.* entrance, a non-ſubſcriber pays 40*ſ.* Any horſe winning two clear heats, and laying the third, ſhall be entitled to the purſe. There are Gentlemen appointed truſtees, that will chuſe judges to decide diſputes, in caſe any ariſe, and will pay the money at the ſtake to the Gentleman who wins it.

MARYLAND,

St. Mary's county, JUNE 27, 1768.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody, as runaways, the three following ſlaves, *viz.*

Negro *Kingſton*, 5 feet 2 inches high, a thick well ſet fellow, middle aged, who ſays he belongs to Col. *Warner Lewis*, of *Glouceſter* county, *Virginia*, had on an old oznabrig ſhirt, one old cotton jacket and breeches.

Negro *Jacob*, 5 feet 7 inches high, a ſlim made fellow, who ſays he belongs to the above Gentleman; had on an old oznabrig ſhirt, with an old cotton jacket and breeches.

Negro *Bob*, 5 feet 8 inches and a half high, a likely young fellow, who ſays he belongs to Col. *John Thruſton*, of ſaid county: had on two cotton jackets, one pair of breeches, one oznabrig ſhirt, and a new felt hat. The above Negroes were taken up near the mouth of *Patuxent* river, in a ſchooner rigged boat, ballaſted with bricks. The boat, they ſay, belongs to Mr. *Tompkins* in *York* river. Their maſters are deſired to take them away, and pay charges to

ROBERT WATTS, Sheriff.

WILLIAMSBURG, JULY 28, 1768.

THE ſubſcriber having removed from the market ſquare, to a houſe oppoſite the play-houſe, has upon hand the following articles, to ſell at a low advance, for corn, or ready money only, a large quantity of *Iriſh* linens, woollens, cottons, oznabrigs, calimanco ſhoes, ſilk hats and bonnets, ribbands, ſilk handkerchiefs, calicoes, thread and worſted ſtockings, mens hats, ſtriped ſilk damaſcus, cotton and wool cards, breeches patterns, ivory and horn combs, cutlery of all ſorts, pins, needles, and a large aſſortment of delf and ſtone ware, rum, loaf ſugar, brown do. molaſſes, good bohea tea, at 6*ſ.* *per* pound; coffee, powder and ſhot, chocolate, indigo, butter, pepper, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

THOMAS BRAMMER.

N. B. He deſires all perſons indebted, to come and pay off their accounts, to prevent trouble, as it is not in his power to give any longer indulgence. T. B.

JULY 26, 1768.

RUN away from a quarter belonging to the eſtate of Mr. *John Thompſon*, deceaſed, in *Albemarle* county, about three years ago, a tall mulatto wench, ſlim made, has long hair, and is about 30 years old. She has ſome pretenſions to freedom, and obtained a paſs from one of the juſtices of the county, in order to ſeek for witneſſes to ſupport her claim, but has never returned, and is ſuppoſed to be lurking about PETERSBURG, or to have left the colony: She is a ſenſible wench, and may impoſe on the credulous for a free woman. Whoever apprehends, and conveys her to the overſeer, at the quarter ſhe left, in *Albemarle*, Mr. *Melchiſedick Brame*, in *Caroline* county, or to the ſubſcriber, in *Williamſburg*, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward; or, if taken out of the colony, TEN POUNDS.

WILLIAM HOLT, Exr.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the 10th of *June* laſt, a Negro fellow called CAJAH, of a yellow complexion, a downcaſt look, his voice ſounds as if coming out of a hollow tree. He is about 5 feet 9 inches high, and well made, is a very ſlovenly fellow, reads and writes very well. I am apprehenſive he will endeavour to make his eſcape from the colony. Whoever conveys him to me in *King William* county, ſhall be well rewarded.

tf CARTER BRAXTON.

JULY 20, 1768.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the ſubſcriber's plantation, in *Amelia* county, on *Leath's* creek, a dark bay horſe, about 7 years old, branded on the near buttock O. Whoever delivers him to me, at *Blandford*, or to *John Watkins*, overſeer on the plantation, ſhall receive 20*ſ.* reward.

PETER RANDOLPH BLAND.

To be SOLD *on the premiſes, at publi ſale, on the* 19th *day of* Auguſt,

TWO plantations, one in BLACK WATER, in the county of PRINCESS-ANNE, containing 150 acres; the other on the head of BLACK WATER creek, in NORFOLK county, containing 375 acres; both well watered and timbered.

And, on the 20th, will alſo be ſold, at the Northweſt landing, one good dwelling-houſe, and lot of land, with all convenient houſes, very ſuitable for a tavern or ſtore, belonging to *Francis Williamſon*.

Credit will be given till the 15th of *January* next, giving bond and ſecurity to

BENJn. DINGLY GRAY.

STRAYED or ſtolen from Mr. *Richard Eggleſton's*, on *Fighting* creek, in *Cumberland* county, ſome time in *April* laſt, a ſorrel mare, about 4 feet 7 inches high, 5 years old laſt ſpring, branded on the near buttock I, one hind foot white, a ſtar on her forehead, and one of her eyes reſembles a glaſs one, by a hurt ſhe received when young. Whoever will bring the ſaid mare to the ſubſcriber, at *Warwick*, or to Mr. *Richard Eggleſton*, on *Fighting* creek, ſhall have twenty ſhillings reward, and five pounds on conviction of the thief.

DAVID CARGILL.

STRAYED or STOLEN from *Hector M'Aleſter's*, in *Albemarle* county, on *Monday* the 2d of *May* laſt, a likely grey horſe, half blooded, about 4 feet 10 inches high, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail; no brand perceivable, 7 years old this ſpring, paces ſlow, trots and gallops well; was ſhod all fours when he went off. Whoever brings the ſaid horſe to *James Buchanan*, merch. at *Shockoe*, to *Hector M'Aleſter*, merchant in *Albemarle* county, or to the ſubſcriber in *Amherſt* county, ſhall have forty ſhillings reward; if ſtolen, upon conviction of the thief, ten pounds.

WILLIAM MITCHELL.

YORK town, JULY 19, 1768.

AS I have been appointed Vendue-Maſter, Auctioneer and Crier of public goods in this town, by commiſſion from his Honour the Preſident, and though I have offered duly to execute the ſaid office, I have been prevented. I hereby proteſt againſt the legality of the ſale of goods, rigging, anchors and cables, ſaved from the wreck of the ſhip *Charles, William Waterman*, from *London*, as far as it relates to me, in order that no default may be laid to my charge by thoſe concerned.

JAMES MITCHELL.

To be SOLD,

The PLEASANT *and* HEALTHY SEAT *of*

BOSWORTH,

with about fifteen hundred acres of level LAND, *none of which but is good for grain, and great part extraordinary fine tobacco land.*

THERE is belonging to the ſaid tract of land one hundred acres of meadow, thought by good judges to be inferior to none in the colony. There is a great quantity of fine marl in the hills of *Beaverdam* creek, which runs through the middle of the land. On this creek is a very valuable DOUBLE MILL, with bolting cloths, *&c.* and the pond abounds with fine fiſh, peculiar to that ſtream, which may be catched in great numbers nine months in the year by angling. Theſe fiſh are accounted by many Gentlemen to be equal in goodneſs to any in the colony.

BOSWORTH lies between *Newcaſtle* and *Richmond Town*, 11 miles from the firſt, and 9 from the latter place. I believe no place in *America* has been ſo noted for the longevity of the inhabitants as this neighbourhood, which I think a very good recommendation, eſpecially to thoſe that love to enjoy health and long life.

" *Here health majeſtic moves along,*
" *All gay with ſmiles.*"

BOSWORTH HOUSE is large and very convenient, and there are every other neceſſary houſes, with about 2000 peach trees, large apple orchards, and a great variety of choice fruit trees. No place in *Virginia* has fruit in greater perfection than this. There are great plenty of wild ducks, pheaſants and woodcocks.

Whoever is inclined to purchaſe, may know the terms, and will be ſhewed the land in my abſence, by Capt. *Samuel Meredith*, Mr. *Oliver* or Mr. *Bell*, who are near neighbours. Credit will be allowed till 1773 for half the money.

ANTHONY WINSTON.

Williamſburg, July 21, 1768.

WHEREAS by a letter from Montreal, ſigned by two of the principal Magiſtrates of that place, I am informed of a moſt deſtructive fire, which happened there on the 11th of April laſt, which has reduced to aſhes a convent inhabited by nuns, and eighty-eight dwelling houſes. By this melancholy event, above an hundred families are drove to the greateſt diſtreſs; and what adds to their misfortune, is, that that part of the town which eſcaped this diſaſter, was deſtroyed by the great conflagration in May 1765; whereby they are diſabled from affording any tolerable degree of aſſiſtance to the preſent unhappy ſufferers. They thankfully commemorate the generoſity of Virginia on that deplorable occaſion, and humbly ſupplicate our farther aid towards relieving them under their lamentable condition. Our late worthy Governor made a collection for them on the former occaſion; in imitation of whom, and by advice of the Council, I do earneſtly intreat the Miniſters of every pariſh to appoint ſome Sunday to make ſuch collection, and to preach a ſermon ſuitable to the occaſion. I have delayed this application ſome time, in expectation of a more particular account of their loſs, which is promiſed; but as their pitiable ſituation requires the ſpeedieſt relief, I was unwilling any longer to defer laying their moving caſe before the public. I deſire the Miniſters and Churchwardens will contrive their collections to me by ſafe hands as ſoon as may be, that I may convert them into bills of exchange, to be remitted for this charitable purpoſe.

A particular account of ſuch donations as ſhall come to my hands will be publiſhed in the Gazettes.

JOHN BLAIR.

To be SOLD, *on* Thurſday *the 25th of* Auguſt *next, at the late dwelling-houſe of* JOHN ROBINSON, *Eſq; deceaſed, in* King & Queen *county,*

ALL his HOUSHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, a quantity of faſhionable plate, china, *&c.* Likewiſe his coach and horſes. Six months credit will be allowed the purchaſers for all articles above twenty ſhillings value, on giving bond, with good ſecurity. And ſome time this fall, a number of ſlaves belonging to that eſtate, will be ſold on ſhort credit, of which further notice will hereafter be given by

EDMUND PENDLETON,
PETER LYONS, } Adm^rs.

Fredericksburg, July 20, 1768.

THE ſubſcriber intending to *Britain* next ſpring, will give up to Mr. *William Reid*, on the 10th day of *September* next, the charge of the ſtore in *Fredericksburg*, of which he has had the direction for ſeveral years, on account of Meſſrs. *Andrew Cochrane, Wm. Cuninghame*, & Co. merchants in *Glaſgow*. He requeſts the favour that thoſe who have accounts with him, may make it their buſineſs to come and have them ſettled as ſoon as in their power, that, if not diſcharged, the balances may be aſcertained by ſpecialty, being deſirous of obviating all diſputes that might ariſe with his ſucceſſor on his tranſactions.

The ſtore will be carried on to its uſual extent by Mr. *Reid*, who is well known to moſt of my cuſtomers; and the ſame indulgence will be given by him as has been cuſtomary.

JOHN STEWART.

JONATHAN PROSSER,
TAILOR *and* HABIT-MAKER,

BEGS leave to inform his conſtant cuſtomers, and others that will do him the pleaſure of employing him, that he has lately ſtudied a peculiar method of cutting cloaths out to a conſiderable advantage, and thoſe Gentlemen that will favour him with their orders may depend on its certainty; to be made full and compleat as uſual, with the utmoſt expedition, and in the preſent taſte if required, or agreeable to their natural fancy, which ever they chuſe, in the following manner, *viz.*

A frock ſuit for a middle ſize, of ſuperfine cloth, out of 3 ¼ yards.—A coat for a middle ſize, out of 2 yards.—Waiſtcoat and breeches of do. out of 1¾ yard.—A full ſized ſuit of do. out of 3¼ yards.—A half trimmed ſuit for a middle ſize 3¼ yards.—For a full dreſs ſuit for a large ſize 4 yards.—Of ſagathy or duroy, for a ſuit for a full ſize, 10 yards.—Wilton, a ſuit out of 6½ yards.—Surtouts out of Bath beaver coating of the broad kind 2 3-4 yards.—*&c. &c.*

My price for making a frock ſuit is 11. 4s.—Do. for a half trimmed ſuit 11. 6s.—Do. for a full trimmed ſuit 21. 3s.

N. B. The money will be expected upon the delivery of the cloaths.

THE ſubſcriber can be well recommended as capable of managing any Gentleman's buſineſs as a ſteward, but being engaged as manager of Col. *Moore*'s forge, he cannot without danger of injury to that concern, go in ſearch of employment for another year. If any Gentleman therefore is in want of ſuch a ſteward, and will favour him with a line to be ſent to the ſaid forge, near *Todd's Bridge*, in *King and Queen*, he will immediately wait on them.

JOHN ELLIS.

A SCHEME
of a
LOTTERY,

For raiſing the ſum of nine hundred pounds, to make a road over the mountain to the warm and hot ſprings in Auguſta *county.*

1 Prize of	£ 1000	is	£ 1000
2 of	500	is	1000
4 of	250	is	1000
5 of	100	is	500
50 of	50	is	2500
62 Prizes.			£. 6000
4938 Blanks.			

6000 Tickets at 20*ſ.* - - - - £6000
15 *per cent.* to be deducted from the Prizes.

The ſaid LOTTERY will be drawn at *Fredericksburg*, under the management and direction of Meſſrs. *Charles Dick, Charles Yates, John Stewart, Henry Mitchell* and *John Glaſſell*, of whom tickets may be had.

NORFOLK, JULY 19, 1768.

THE ſubſcribers have for SALE, a quantity of HONDURAS MAHOGANY of all ſizes, and eſteemed to be the beſt ever imported in the colony, which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms.

3w PAUL LOYALL,
MATTHEW PHRIPP.

FREDERICKSBURG, *July 6, 1768.*

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY, for raiſing Four Hundred and Fifty Pounds, to be laid out by the managers or any ſix of them, towards building a new church in the town of *Fredericksburg*, and in the purchaſe of an organ for the ſaid church.

1 Prize of	£. 500	is	£. 500
2	250	each	500
4	100		400
8	50		400
8	25		200
10	10		100
180	5		900
213 Prizes.			3000
2787 Blanks.			
3000 Tickets, at 20s. each,			3000

£. 15 out of the 100, to be deducted from the prizes, is - - - - - 450

The ſaid Lottery will certainly be drawn on the 28th of *December* next, (being the day after St. *John*'s) at the town-houſe in *Fredericksburg*, under the direction of *Mann Page, Fielding Lewis, Charles Dick, Roger Dixon, Joſeph Jones, Hugh Mercer, James Mercer, Charles Waſhington, Lewis Willis, George Weedon, Charles Yates*, and *Francis Thornton*, Gentlemen, or any ſix or more who can attend. Tickets may be had of the ſaid Gentlemen, if beſpoke in time. Prizes not demanded within ſix months after their publication in the *Virginia Gazette*, will be deemed as generouſly given to promote the above purpoſes, and will then be applied accordingly by the managers aforenamed.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber in *Goochland* county, laſt *July*, a tall, ſlim, black, *Virginia* born fellow, named DICK, about 35 years of age, who has a ſurly look, and remarkable red eyes; had the uſual cloathing of labouring Negroes, and is ſuppoſed to be harboured in *Middleſex* county, where he formerly lived. He is very ſenſible, and will endeavour to impoſe on the public, and paſs for a freeman. I have lately been informed that he intends to leave the colony, therefore I muſt intreat of all commanders of veſſels, and others, if ſuch a perſon ſhould offer his ſervice, they will have him ſecured, and delivered to the ſubſcriber, who will pay five pounds reward.

LEONARD PRICE.

To be SOLD *or* RENTED, *on the moſt reaſonable terms, and entered on immediately,*

THE houſes and lots in the town of *Blandford*, upon *Appamattox* river, late in the poſſeſſion of Mr. *Peter Randolph Bland*, but now the property of *Theodorick Munford*.—For terms apply to Dr. *Theodorick Bland*, in *Blandford*.

Cheſterfield county, *July 4, 1768.*

WHEREAS *Anne Moore* was lately a priſoner in the gaol of this county, charged with felony; and whereas the ſaid *Anne* was examined by a court held for that purpoſe, it was conſidered by the ſaid court that ſhe ſhould be ſent to the public gaol for a further trial; but the ſaid *Anne Moore* having had convulſion fits on and before her examination, it was ordered by the ſaid court that ſome perſon ſhould be employed to take care of her, until ſhe could be removed to the public gaol; but the ſaid priſoner found means to make her eſcape out of the priſon, through the neglect of the perſon employed to take care of her; therefore all perſons are deſired to retake the ſaid *Anne Moore*, and to convey her to the gaol of this county, to be removed to the public gaol for a further trial. The ſaid *Anne Moore* is between 25 and 30 years of age, middle ſized, of a fair complexion, and had on a callico gown, ſtriped petticoat, and a ruffled ſhift; the reſt of her apparel I do not remember, and I ſuppoſe ſhe may change it, as ſhe has other cloaths with her.

JOHN ARCHER, D. Sheriff.

To be SOLD *on very reaſonable terms, altogether or in parcels, and may be entered upon next Fall,*

THREE thouſand ſix hundred and four acres of well timbered and watered land, lying on both ſides *Meherrin* river, in the counties of *Lunenburg* and *Mecklenburg*, about 75 miles from *Peterſburg*, great part of which is very fine tobacco land, and on the reſt there is an excellent range for ſtock. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may be ſhewn the ſame, by applying to *William Naiſh* on the premiſes. For terms enquire of Col. *Archibald Cary*, in *Cheſterfield* county, Mr. *Bathurſt Skelton*, in *Charles City*, Mr. *Thomas Fleming, William Fleming*, or the ſubſcriber, in *Cumberland* county.

tf SUSANNA FLEMING.

Pittſylvania, April 8, 1768.

A SCHEME

For diſpoſing of (by way of Lottery) the ſeveral valuable tracts of LAND *that are below mentioned, belonging to the ſubſcriber.*

Contents of the Prizes.

	No.	Val. £.
A TRACT of 100 acres of land, 40 acres of which are good low grounds, on *Roanoke* river, in *Mecklenburg* county, with an eſtabliſhed ferry belonging to it; and alſo 700 acres on *Neuſe* river, *North Carolina*; about 200 acres thereof very good low grounds, and the high land very good.	1	500
A tract of 950 acres in *Amherſt* county, on *Stoval*'s creek, being fine tobacco land, and within 3 or four miles of *Stoval*'s ferry, on *James* river, from whence tobacco, *&c.* are tranſported to market down by water.	1	250
A tract of 300 acres on the ſaid *Stoval*'s creek, adjoining the laſt-mentioned tract, being alſo extraordinary good tobacco land.	1	120
A tract of 361 acres on *Stoval*'s creek aforeſaid, being alſo good tobacco land.	1	80
A tract of 357 acres on the ſouth ſide of *Roanoke*, in *Mecklenburg*, being kind free land, and tolerable good for tobacco.	1	80
An entry of 640 acres of good land, on *Fall* creek, near the *Neuſe* tract.	1	50
A tract of 400 acres on *Stoval*'s creek, adjoining the other tracts on the ſaid creek.	1	40
A prize to be paid in caſh, out of the produce of the lottery.	1	75
Twenty-five at £. 5, to be paid as aforeſaid.	25	125
33 Prizes, - - -		£. 1300
227 Blanks, - - -		
260 Tickets at £. 5. - -		£. 1300

Thoſe that purchaſe tickets are only required to give their bonds for the money, payable when the lottery is drawn, which is to be on *Monday* the 24th day of *October* next, at the *Rocky Ridge*, under the management of *Clement Read, Iſaac Read, Paul Carrington, Matthew Marable, Robert Munford* of *Mecklenburg, Henry Delony, David Garland, William Taylor, John Winn, David Maſon, Gray Briggs, John Bolling, William Cabell, Joſeph Cabell, Alexander Trent, Peterfield Trent, Thomas Jefferſon* of *Albemarle*, and *George Robertſon* of *Cheſterfield*, Gentlemen, who will be impowered to execute conveyances for the prizes drawn by the fortunate adventurers, and of whom tickets may be had, alſo at both the Printing-Offices, and of the ſubſcriber. 7m GEORGE JEFFERSON.

MAY 16, 1768.

ON *Monday* the 9th inſtant, came into this port, a ſchooner of about forty tons burthen, which, from the teſtimony of two ſeamen belonging thereto, and the confeſſion of one *Henry Dunn*, alias *Price*, late mate thereof, but who has ſince abſconded, appears to have been run away with by ſaid *Dunn*, from port *Beaufort*, in *South-Carolina*. She had on board about 500 buſhels of *Indian* corn, ſundry plantation utenſils, ſuch as broad hoes, axes, whip-ſaws, hand mill-ſtones, *&c.* and two Negroes, which the ſaid *Dunn* had diſpoſed of before the fraud was diſcovered. The veſſel is ſaid to be the property of Capt. *Robert Orr*, of *South-Carolina*. The owner is deſired to make ſpeedy application for ſaid veſſel, as ſhe may ſuffer great injury from the worm, if continued any length of time in this river.

J: AMBLER, } Collector of Port YORK.

Care is taken of the veſſel and cargo.

TO BE SOLD,

UPWARDS of ONE THOUSAND ACRES of LAND, near the *Double Top Mountain* in *Culpeper* county, late the property of Mr. *John Rootes* in *Glouceſter* county. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to Mr. *Roger Dixon*, in *Fredericksburg*, who is impowered to agree. The land will be laid off in lots if deſired, and credit till the 1ſt day of *October*, on giving bond with good ſecurity.

WHEREAS I have a large quantity of good land for ſale, in *Bedford* and *Pittſylvania* counties, both high and low grounds, from ten pounds price to thirty; amongſt which are about 7000 acres, which I am authorized to ſell for Col. *Archibald Cary*, on *Gooſe* creek, and *Wolf* creek. It is well timber'd, and well water'd, and one of the beſt places in our county for range. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may ſee the land, by applying to their humble ſervant, near *Bedford* court-houſe.

6m. WILLIAM MEAD.

Feb. 10, 1768.

To be SOLD *at private* SALE,

SIX THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED ACRES of LAND in *Charles City*, pleaſantly ſituate on *James* river; 4 acres of land, with a water griſt mill, on *Mayſer*'s creek, in the ſame county; and two thouſand acres of land in *Halifax* county; they will be ſold altogether, or divided into lots, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Theſe lands were the eſtate of Mr. *William Kennon*, and are conveyed to us (with others his truſtees) for the benefit of his creditors. As a ſale of theſe lands has been before advertiſed, but not effected; it may not be improper, to aſſure the public, that an abſolute diſpoſal of them is now intended; and that we ſhall be ready at all times to receive propoſals for the whole, or any part thereof. Mr. *John Chriſtian* (who lives thereon) will ſhew the land in *Charles City*.

RICHARD RANDOLPH,
JAMES BELSCHES,
JERMAN BAKER.

SCHEME *of a* LOTTERY

FOR diſpoſing of one hundred and forty-ſix LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Hanover*, yet remaining unſold. The leaſt valuable of the lots, according to the prices of thoſe moſt remote from the river, which have been ſold, not being leſs than £. 20, which is far below what was given for ſeveral near the river.

	lots	value	rents
		£.	£.
Inſpection at *Page*'s, 5 lots at 12 years purchaſe,	5	840	70
Do. *Crutchfield*'s, 6 lots at do.	6	720	60
		1560	130
Lots improved, each half acre, at £. 20 -	135	2700	
		4260	130
137 Prizes. - - - - -	137		
263 Blanks.			
400 Tickets at £. 10 each,		4000	

The ſaid lottery will be drawn at Mr. *Anthony Hay*'s in *Williamſburg*, as ſoon as the tickets are diſpoſed of. Thoſe who do not pay for their tickets on the day of drawing, may give bond to carry intereſt from that time. *Robert Carter Nicholas, George Wythe, Thomas Everard, John Thompſon*, and *Jerman Baker*, Eſqrs; managers, or any three, of whom tickets may be had, and of the ſubſcriber. MANN PAGE.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by WILLIAM RIND, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, on the main Street. All Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE at 12*ſ.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inſerted for 3*ſ.* the Firſt Week, and 2*ſ.* each Time after: And long ones in Proportion.